

Supporting Material for
Structural color coatings for ceramics and glass surface by silica opal films

Hiroshi Fudouzi ^{1,†}

¹Affiliation National Institute for Materials Science

¹ Address 1-2-1 Sengen, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-0047, Japan

† Corresponding author: Hiroshi Fudouzi; E-mail: FUDOUZI.Hiroshi@nims.go.jp

Contents

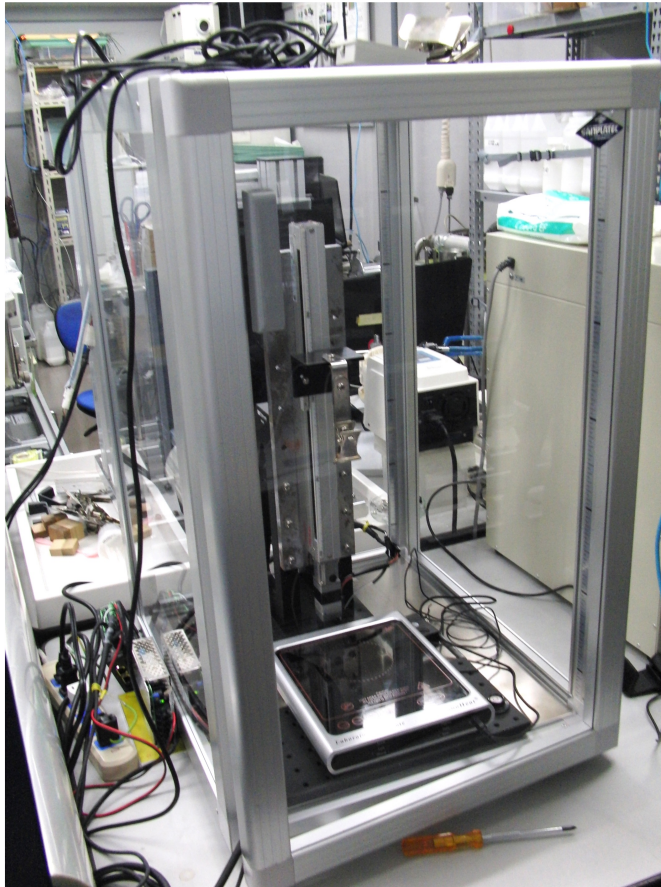
Figure S1: Homemade dipping coaters (Actuator with stepping motor)

Figure S2: Homemade coaxial illumination camera system

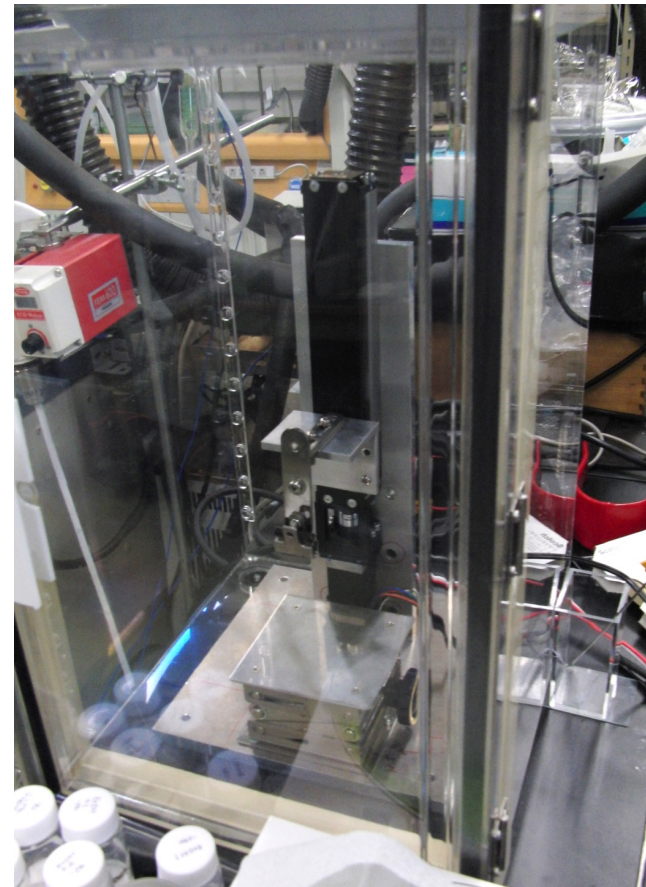
Figure S3: Unexpected vertical alignment of silicon colloidal aggregates during the initial immersion coating process.

Figure S1

Homemade dipping coaters (Actuator with stepping motor)



Actuator / Control Circuit #1
EZ Limo EASM2NXF030-ARMK
ORIENTAL MOTOR CO., LTD.
Min. Speed: $0.3\mu\text{m/s}$, Stroke: 300mm



Actuator / Control Circuit #2
SKR2001A-0130 (THK)
AZM26AK-RS (Oriental Motor)
Min. Speed: $0.1\mu\text{m/s}$, Stroke: 130mm

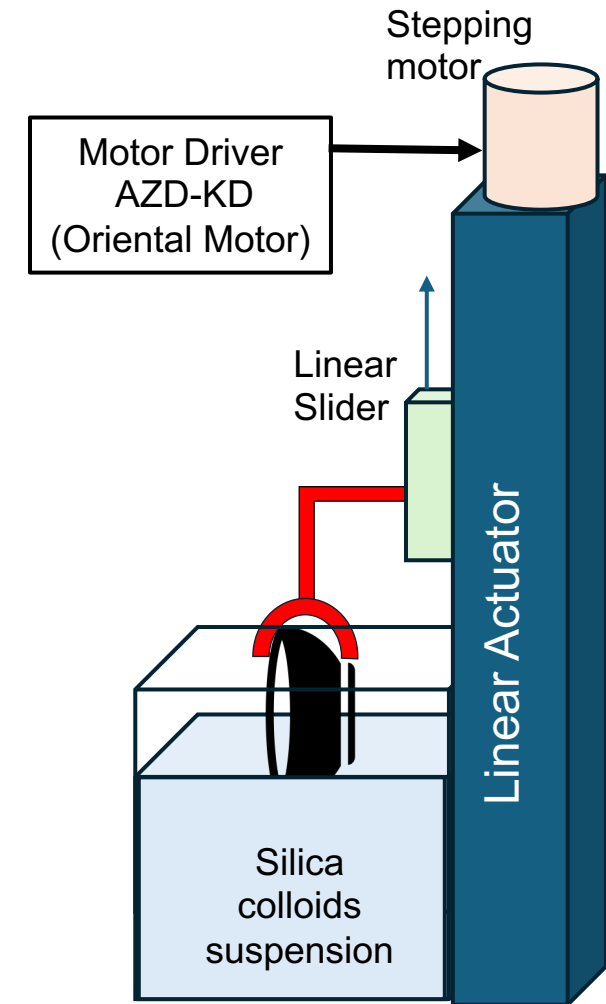
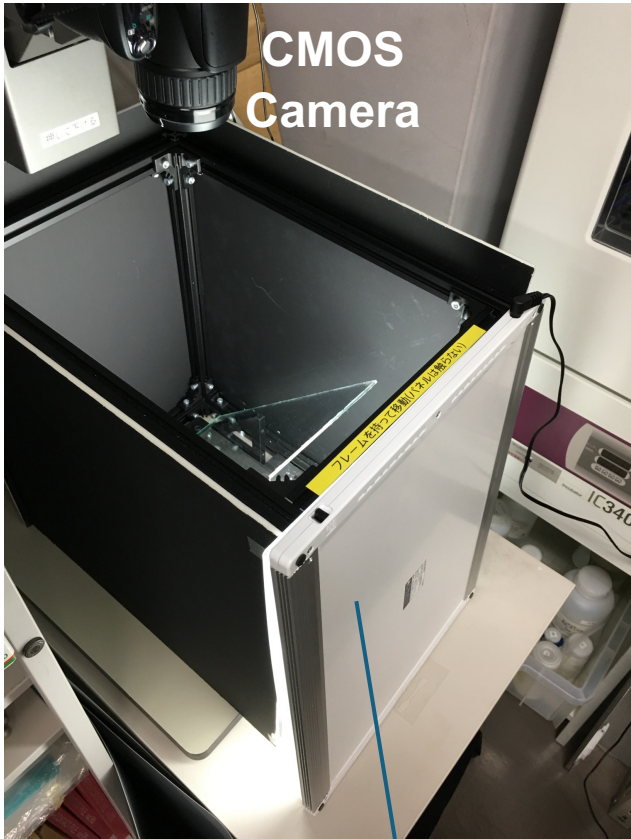
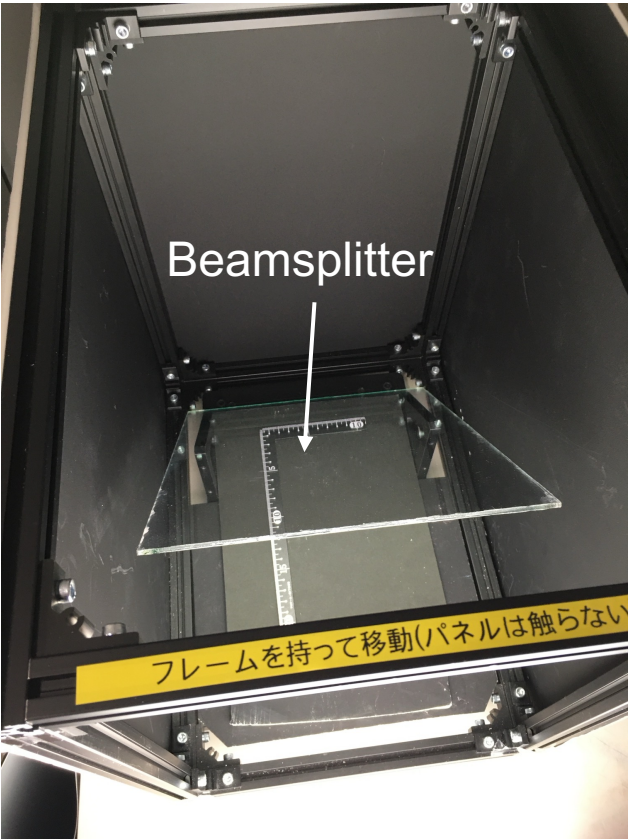
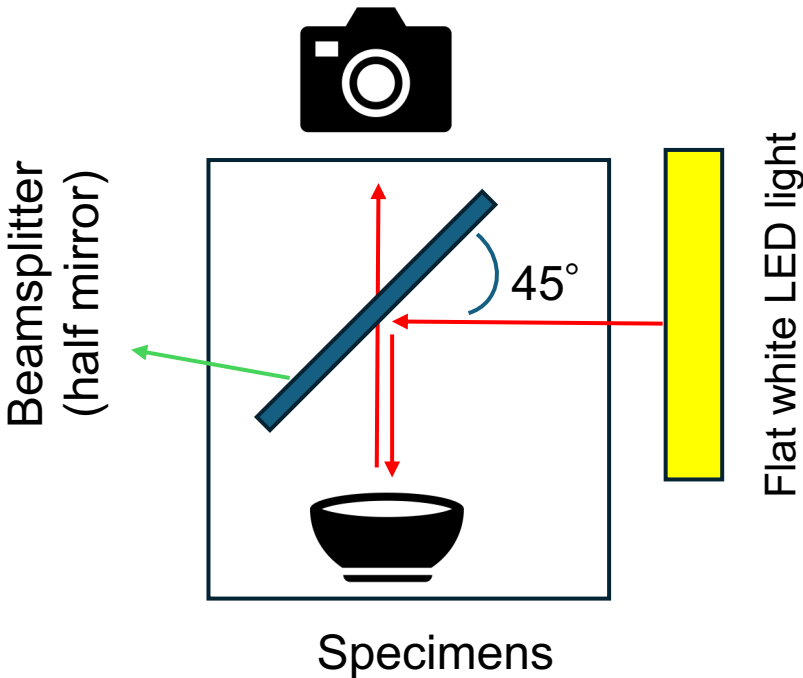


Figure S2

Homemade coaxial illumination camera system

Standard beamsplitter plate
50R/50T at 45° 254mm x 356mm
Edmund Optics Japan

CMOS Camera

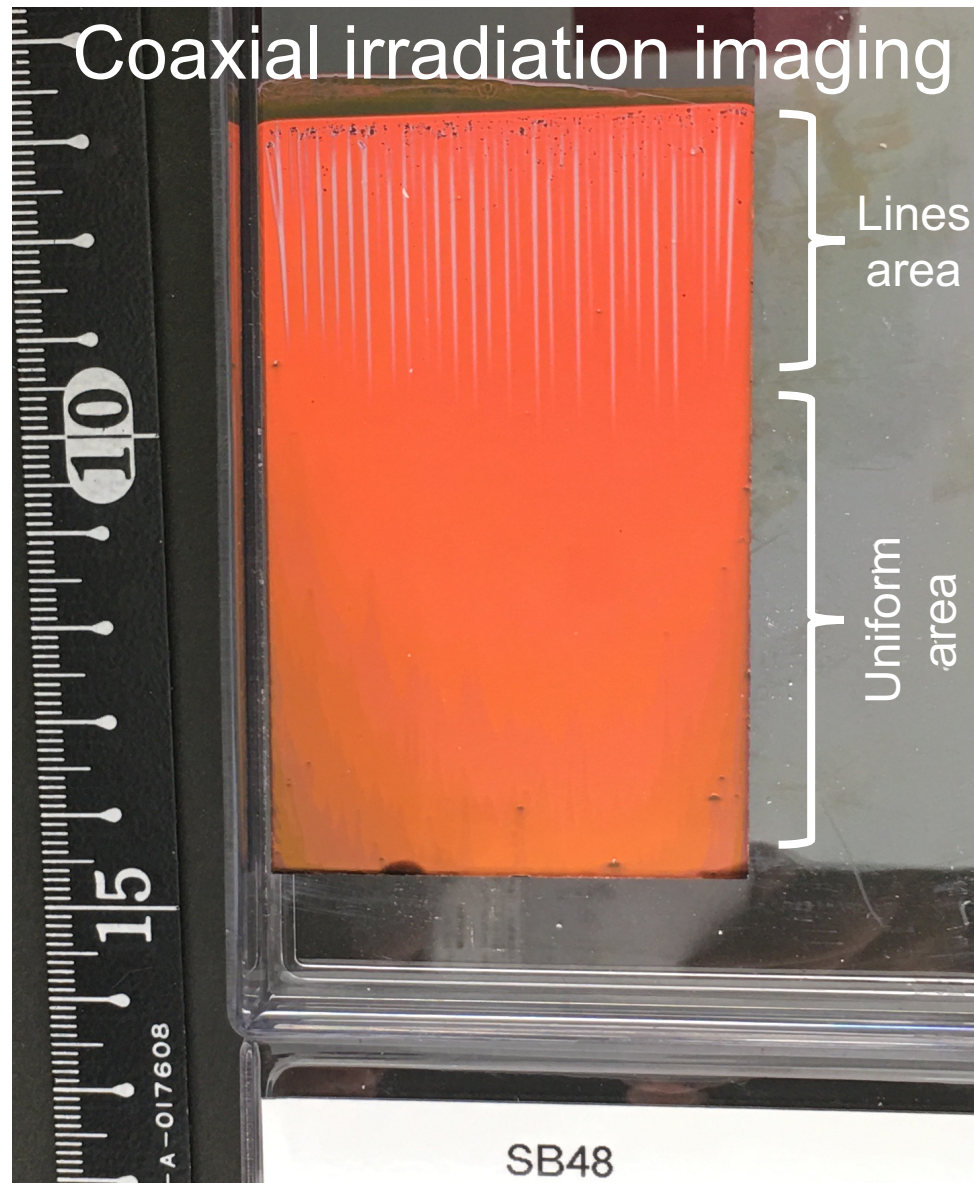


Coaxial incident illumination

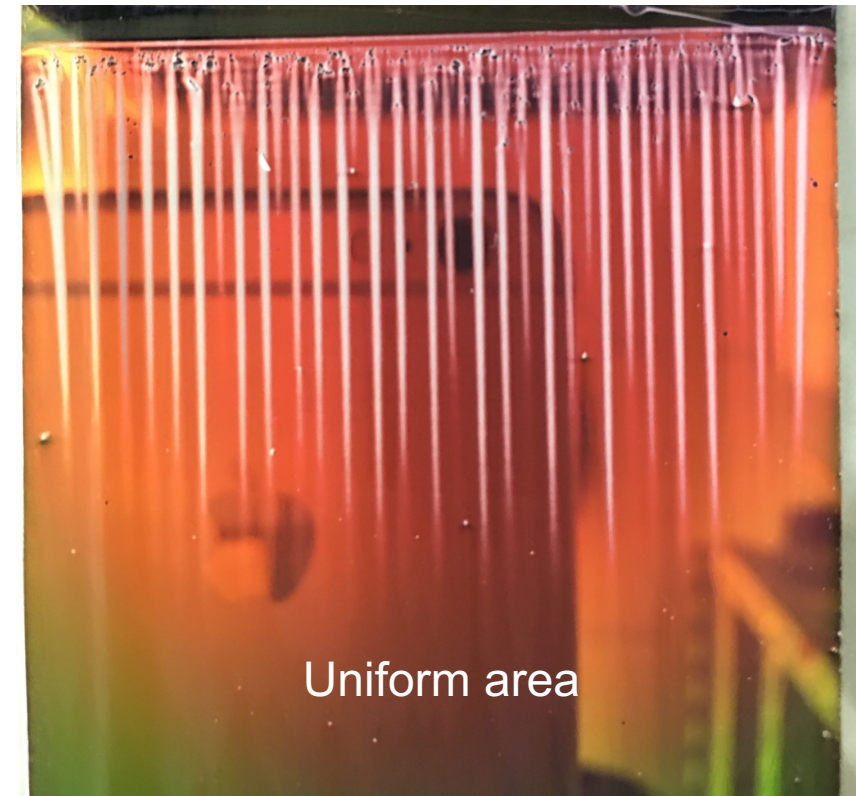
45° angle of incidence

Flat white LED light
a flat high brightness LED white light
(Color temperature: 5000 K, Shinkosha Co.)

Figure S3



Normal photo by *i* phone camera



↑
Withdraw
direction

During the initial dip coating process, unintended vertical direction silica colloidal assembly lines form. The origin and forming mechanism is not clear. In the experiments, we selectively used uniform area.